History HT6 Year 9: Britain post-1945

How did Britain develop after WWII?

Assessment Opportunities

All feedback follows the whole school teaching and learning policy with collective and personalised feedback.

Assessments will assess knowledge and understanding, conceptual awareness, sources analysis and how historians interpret the past.

Assessment 6 – How did Britain develop after WWII?

Literacy/Reading opportunities

Reading and writing tasks are embedded in every lesson. In particular, a focus on reciprocal reading is in the lesson: TBAT: Explain immigration to Britain by 1950.

A focus on the whole school writing structure is in the lesson:
TBAT: Explain the development of the NHS in 1948.

CEIAG Links

Throughout the scheme of learning, students will develop skills which are transferable to the world of work and future learning. For example, students will make comparisons across timescales and draw on evidence to support their judgements. Being able to see links and explain them is a clear skill required in the wider world.

Curriculum vision:

"Our aim is to deliver a curriculum that is inclusive, relevant and progressive for all learners."













	Year 9 History Department Curriculum 2024 - 2025				
Half Term 6 Scheme of Learning		Enquiry Question			
	Focus – Britain post 1945	How did Britain develop after WWII?			

Intent of this scheme of learning	Prior learning and links to future learning
The intent of this scheme of learning is to provide students with an understanding	Students have studied Britain's development since the beginning of Year 7.
of development in Britain since 1945 and the change and continuity that existed	Students will make links across themes and time scales when addressing social,
across this timescale. Students can draw comparison with their own lives and see	political, cultural and economic developments. Students will revisit USA history at
how generations before them lived.	KS4 and Britain in the Elizabethan era.

Disciplinary Knowledge	Substantive Knowledge
Disciplinary knowledge refers to knowledge of history as a discipline: the methods of historians and their conceptual frameworks. This scheme of learning primarily assesses the change and continuity across the timescale. Interpreting the past Students will be exposed to the works of Historians and will learn to 'Think like a Historian' by looking at interpretations of the past, and in particular the work of:	British Knowledge: The Age of Austerity Development of the NHS Immigration Cultural revolution Thatcher's policies
Dominic Sandbrook - White Heat: A History of Britain in the Swinging Sixties	Meanwhile elsewhere in Europe and/or the Wider World: The Vietnam War The Cold War Conflict in the Middle East

Assessment and Feedback	Links to careers and the wider world	Academy core values – Respect, Ambition,	
		Resilience and Compassion	
All feedback follows the whole school teaching and	Throughout the scheme of learning, students will	Students will consider the ambition of Britain as a	
learning policy with collective and personalised	develop skills which are transferable to the world of	nation to rebuild and grow following WWII. Students	
feedback.	work and future learning. For example, students will	will display compassion for individuals dealing with	
	make comparisons across timescales and draw on	times of conflict and adversity. Students will	

Assessments will assess knowledge and	evidence to support their judgements. Being able to	endeavour to be ambitious in their work and resilient
understanding, conceptual awareness, sources	see links and explain them is a clear skill required in	with challenging topics.
analysis and how historians interpret the past.	the wider world.	
Assessment 6 – How did Britain develop after WWII?		

Tier 2 vocab	Development	Access	Features	Factors	Motivation	Tension	Policies	Protest	Strikes	International
Tier 3 vocab	Immigration	Empire	Commonwealth	Windrush	Chartism	Thatcher	Conservatism	Equality	Technology	Extremism

	Lesson Sequencing						
	Learning Intention: TBAT	Knowledge	Skills				
1	Explain the development of the NHS in 1948	 National Health Service (NHS) was established in 1948 Provided free access to doctors, dentists, opticians and hospitals By 1950 the NHS was costing £358 million per year 	 Outline features of the NHS. Explain why and how the NHS was set up. Assess the significance of the NHS for Britain 				
2	Explain immigration to Britain by 1950	 Push and pull factors within immigration Main location for immigrants in the early 20th century Motivations for migration to Britain Windrush 	 Describe the reasons for migration to Britain. Compare motivations and influences from different countries Explain why immigrants settled in Britain. 				
3	Compare life in the 1950s to the 1960s	 New laws Improved schools Music and theatre Scientific developments Progress towards female equality 	 Describe the modern changes in the 1960s Compare the 1960s to the 1950s Assess the level of change and the degree to which a 'revolution' is correct 				
4	Compare life in the 1970s in Britain	Transport and travelGlam Rock/ Punk RockScientific developments	 Describe the modern changes in the 1960s. Compare the positives and negatives aspects of life in the 1970s 				

5	Describe the development of Liverpool from the Medieval to Tudor era	 Strikes and Trade Unions Politics and conflict The Royal Port King John's Liverpool The castle and the Liver Bird Street names & jobs in Tudor Liverpool 	 Assess whether life was positive or negative for people in the 1970s. Identify key developments of Liverpool from the Medieval to Tudor era Describe the development of Liverpool from the Medieval to Tudor era Explain why Tudor Liverpool was so significant
6	Describe the development of the Liverpool Docks	 The Old Dock The Albert Dock Liverpool's fortune 19th century Liverpool 	 Identify key features of Liverpool's Docks Describe the development of the Liverpool Docks Explain why Liverpool was so rich in the 19th century
7	Assess the significance of living through Thatcher's government for Liverpool	 Thatcher's ideas Unemployment and polices Protests and strikes Racism and tensions with police 	 Outline the views of Thatcher and her character. Explain the policies and the reaction of the public. Assess the significance of Thatcher's policies for Liverpool.