Geography

Year 9: How has Liverpool changed over time?

Assessment Opportunities

During each topic students complete a mid-unit knowledge test based on the unit knowledge covered. Students also complete an end-of unit assessment which includes key vocabulary, knowledge questions, geographical and extend writing.

During each year, students complete a mid-year and end-of year assessment which assesses students on all content covered

Literacy/Reading opportunities

Tier 2 vocabulary is identified on page 2 of this SOL in the key knowledge list and is shown in italics.

Tier 3 vocabulary is identified on page 3 of this SOL in the key knowledge list and is shown in bold.

Reading opportunities take place regularly throughout all Geography schemes of learning. This is identified within this SOL (highlighted in blue).

Extended writing opportunities take place regularly throughout all Geography schemes of learning. This is identified within tis SOL (highlighted in yellow).

CEIAG Links

- Use of satellite images ·
- Use of different forms of maps
- Plotting information on maps
- Impact of regeneration on settlement and town planning
 Impact of industrial shift on settlement and town planning

Career industry/ sector link

Town planning, Engineering, Architecture

Curriculum vision:

"Our aim is to deliver a curriculum that is inclusive, relevant and progressive for all learners."















Possible Lesson Breakdown:

Lesson I - Welcome to Liverpool

Lesson 2 - Structure of cities in HICs

Lesson 3 - How are cities in HICs changing?

Lesson 4 - How has Liverpool changed over time?

Lesson 5 - Causes of deindustrialisation

Knowledge Test

Lesson 6 - Mapping industrial change in Liverpool Collective feedback

Lesson 7 - Mapping industrial change in Liverpool

Lesson 8 - What happened as a result of deindustrialisation?

Lesson 9 - Impact of deindustrialisation in Liverpool

Lesson 10 - Explaining the impact of deindustrialisation

Lesson II - Regeneration in Liverpool

Lesson 12 - Individual feedback End of unit

knowledge test

Lesson 5 Knowledge Test

Lesson 12 Knowledge

Test

Unit Knowledge (key terms in bold)

- The location of Liverpool within the UK, Merseyside and NW region.
- How **industry** in Liverpool has changed over time (from 1700s to present day): population change and economic change.
- The structure of cities in HICs and the characteristics of each area: CBD, industrial zone, inner city, suburbs, rural to urban fringe).
- Causes of deindustrialisation (globalisation and mechanisation).
- Impacts of deindustrialisation on Liverpool (declining inner city areas, unemployment rates).
- Impact of **regeneration** on Liverpool (Albert Dock)

Writing Tasks

Causes of Deindustrialisation

Regeneration in Liverpool

Reading Tasks

Regeneration in Liverpool Causes of deindustrialisation

Geographical Skills Feedback Assessment:

Lesson 6 collective feedback

Lesson 12 Individual

feedback

OS maps: 4 and 6 figure grid references, identifying human characteristics

- Using aerial photos
- Using atlas maps on a range of scales
- Interpreting data Bar charts/line graphs



5 Year Plan Outline

Unit 1: What makes China a global superpower?

Unit 2: Why is York prone to flooding?

Unit 3: How has Liverpool changes over time?

Unit 4: Why are some tropical storms worse than others?

Unit 5: Russia

Notes

This unit uses a lot of prior knowledge that students have gained about human processes and how urban landscapes are changing in different places to help them understand the city they live in.

Students use this knowledge to understand the processes that have affected Liverpool in the past and present and how it will likely change in the future.

Key Knowledge Themes:

People and where they live: The structure of HIC cities. Causes and impacts of deindustrialisation. Regeneration in cities.

A connected world: The global shift of manufacturing

Place knowledge: Liverpool, The geography of the NW of England

Links to Prior Learning:

People and where they live: (7.3, 8.4, 8.5, 9.1): How cities around the world are changing, population change around the world. Impacts of economic growth. **A connected world:** (7.3, 8.5, 9.1) The global shift of manufacturing, changing resource supply in countries of varying wealth, impact of economic change.

National Curriculum Links:

How geographical processes interact to create distinctive human landscapes that change over time.

Human geography relating to population and urbanisation; international development, economic activity in the primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary sectors.

Understand how human processes interact to influence, and change landscapes, environments and the climate.