# **AQA** Food Preparation and Nutrition

# Assessment Opportunities Assessment

Students will be assessed through non-exam assessment and exam assessment. All assessed pieces are outlined within this SOL.

#### Non-exam assessment 50%

This is broken down into two parts:

**Task 1: Food Investigation (15%)** – students will investigate the working characteristics, functional and chemical properties of ingredients and produce a written report.

## Task 2: Food preparation Assessment

(35%) – students will prepare, cook and present a final menu of three dishes within three hours.

#### Exam assessment 50%

There will be one final examination, which is 50% of the final grade.

# Literacy/Reading opportunities

- Reading recipes
- Reading and matching key tools and definitions
- Reading methods and key terminology
- Reading rules of the room and being able to write about the importance of safety rules in dt - verbally and written.
- Time plans

#### **CEIAG** Links

This provides a good foundation for courses or employment which involve food preparation, cooking or food manufacture. This GCSE also assists students with an interest in sports careers such as coaching or personal training, health care/medicine and child care due to the nutrition aspect of the course.

# Curriculum vision:

"Our aim is to deliver a curriculum that is inclusive, relevant and progressive for all learners."















Year 10 AQA Food preparation and nutrition

# Term 3

• Careers- nutritionist, dietician, chef, hospitality roles for example in hotels, food taster, food sensory taster and developer, supermarket food developer.

#### Year 10 term 3 Aims / Objective:

# 3.4 Food safety

- 3.4.1 Food spoilage and contamination
- 3.4.1.1 Microorganisms and enzymes
- 3.4.1.2 The signs of food spoilage
- 3.4.1.3 Microorganisms in food production
- 3.4.1.4 Bacterial contamination
- 3.4.2 Principles of food safety
- 3.4.2.1 Buying and storing food
- 3.4.2.2 Preparing, cooking and serving food

#### 3.5 Food choice

- 3.5.1 Factors affecting food choice
- 3.5.1.1 Factors which influence food choice
- 3.5.1.2 Food choices
- 3.5.1.3 Food labelling and marketing influences
- 3.5.3 Sensory evaluation

## 3.6 Food provenance

- 3.6.1.1 Food Sources
- 3.6.1.2 Food and the environment
- 3.6.1.3 Sustainability of food

# 3.6.2 Food processing and production

- 3.6.2.1 Food production
- 3.6.2.2 Technological developments associated with better health and food production

## **Literacy skills:**

Reading recipes, charts and tables.

**Keywords: tier 2/3** 

**Food Spoilage:** Microorganisms, bacteria, yeasts and mould, time, temperature, moisture, food, pH, high risk, cross contamination. enzymic action, mould growth, yeast action, enzymic action, mould growth, yeast action, campylobacter, e-coli salmonella, Listeria, staphylococcus aureus.

temperature control: freezing: -18°c, chilling: 0 to below 5°c, danger zone: 5 to 63°c,

cooking: 75°c reheating: 75°c, ambient storage

temperature danger zone, correct use of domestic fridges and freezers, date marks, 'best before' and 'use by' dates, covering foods.

**Food Choice:** The following factors in relation to food choice: physical activity level (PAL) celebration/occasion • cost of food • preferences • enjoyment • food availability • healthy eating • income • lifestyles • seasonality • time of day • time available to prepare/cook.

#### **Food Provenance:**

#### **Resources:**

e book one line access by every student, laminated recourses for vitamins,

# **Numeracy skills:**

Working out weights and measures for ingredients. Doubling recipes and making them smaller.

Use of ICT: Nutritional analysis, costing on excel, completing NEA on word,

# Assessment(s):

- Students will have an end of term written assessment taking up most of the double lesson. Second lesson that week is put aside to go through the assessment and the year 10 assessment paper.
- Students will prepare for a practical exam.

#### Links with other curriculum areas:

These issues underlie all design and manufacturing activities and will be specifically addressed in identifying needs, researching different areas, justifying choices and evaluating outcomes. All of these areas ensure that there is adequate scope for covering these aspects of the course.

# **Specification Coverage**

(AQA 8585)

Week 1: Lesson 1: Theory Microorganisms What are they and how	3.4.1 Food spoilage and	Differentiation:	Homework:	Resources:
do they spoil food	contamination			Booklet to print
Objectives:	3.4.1.1 Microorganisms			out.
<ul> <li>the growth conditions for microorganisms and enzymes</li> <li>the control of food spoilage</li> </ul>	and enzymes			Examples of
bacteria, yeasts and moulds are microorganisms				Fruit that has
<ul> <li>yeast action on fruits e.g. grapes, strawberries and tomatoes.</li> <li>the different sources of bacterial contamination</li> </ul>				browned.
Mould growth on food				
<ul> <li>enzymes are biological catalysts usually made from protein.</li> <li>enzymic action: ripening of bananas, browning of some fruits mould growth: e.g. on bread and cheese. Recognise the signs of mould growth on foods</li> </ul>				Bread that is mouldy
Key Word:				
Microorganisms, bacteria, yeasts and mould, enzymic action, mould growth, yeast action				
Could get agar plates from science and take swabs from items to show bacterial growth.				
Memory Technique for bacterial growth				
Tiny Tempher find music phew				
Time temperature food moisture pH				

Lesson 2: Theory - Bacterial growth	3.4.1.2 The signs of food	Differentiation	Homework:	Resources:
Objectives:	spoilage			
<ul> <li>the main sources and methods of control of different food poisoning bacteria types, time, temperature, food, moisture and pH</li> <li>the different sources of pathogenic bacterial contamination</li> <li>the main types of pathogenic bacteria which cause food poisoning</li> <li>the general symptoms of food poisoning.</li> <li>the main sources and methods of control of different food poisoning bacteria types</li> <li>Key Words:</li> <li>time, temperature, moisture, food, pH, high risk, cross contamination.</li> <li>campylobacter, e-coli, salmonella, Listeria, staphylococcus aureus.</li> </ul>	3.4.1.4 Bacterial contamination			FOOD: Chicken to show how to joint it.
Week 2: Lesson 2 Theory Food Production  Objective:  the use of microorganisms in food production.  moulds in the production of blue cheese  yeasts to raise bread  bacteria in yoghurt and cheese production.	3.4.1.3 Microorganisms in food production	Differentiation	Homework:  Bring ingredients to make a curry using the chicken in the freezer	Resources

Key Words:				
Pasteurisation, homogenisation, UHT Ultra Heat Treatment cheese curds and whey rennet				
Lesson 2: Practical: Butchering a whole chicken – Chicken kebabas	Skill 1: General practical skills	Differentiation	Homework:	Resources
<ul> <li>Vegetarians - another complex dish fish if they eat that moussaka with homemade pasta</li> <li>Objectives:</li> <li>Students are to bring in a whole chicken to butcher, they are to freeze the thighs and drum sticks at school to make a curry next week and to make either a stir fry or chicken cacciatore with the breast.</li> <li>To apply food safety considerations when preparing, storing and cooking.</li> <li>Key Words:</li> <li>Core temperature.</li> </ul>	Skill 2: Knife skills - butchering a chicken.  Skill 3: Preparing vegetables  Skill 6: Cooking methods	Students might only bring in chicken tights  Basic: Bring in chicken in a packet.  Use vegetable in a stir fry packet.  Medium: Chicken in a packet have skinned and chopped own veg accurately.  Complex: Butcher the chicken.		Trolleys, knifes, Tea towels, dish clothes, oven gloves Red chopping boards.  Bags to put the chicken in.
Week 3: Lesson 1: Food Safety Prevention of Food Poisoning	3.4.2.1 Buying and	Differentiation	Homework:	Resources:
Objective:	storing food			
<ul> <li>To understand how you can prevent food poisoning when buying and storing foods.</li> <li>To understand the food safety principles when preparing, cooking and serving food.</li> </ul>	3.4.2.2 Preparing, cooking and serving food		To ensure that the booklets relevant pages are completed.	Make sure booklet is printed.

Skill 1: General practical skills  Skill 2: Knife skills - butchering a chicken.	Differentiation  Basic: Bring in chicken in a packet.	Bring ingredients to make Cornish pasties.  Homework:	Resources
Skill 2: Knife skills - butchering	Basic: Bring in	to make Cornish pasties.	Resources
Skill 2: Knife skills - butchering	Basic: Bring in	Homework:	Resources
	_		
Skill 3: Preparing vegetables	Medium: Chicken in a packet have		Trolleys, knifes,
Skill 6: Cooking methods	skinned and chopped		Tea towels,
	Complex: Butcher the chicken. show good knife skills		dish clothes, oven gloves.
		kill 6: Cooking methods  skinned and chopped own veg accurately.  Complex: Butcher the chicken. show	kill 6: Cooking methods  skinned and chopped own veg accurately.  Complex: Butcher the chicken. show

Week 4: Theory: Food Provenance and How Food is Grown	3.6.1.1 Food Sources	Differentiation	Resources:
<ul> <li>Objective:</li> <li>where and how ingredients are grown, reared and caught.</li> <li>must have an understanding of organic and conventional farming • free range production • intensive farming • sustainable fishing</li> <li>must have an understanding advantages and disadvantages of local produced foods, seasonal foods and Genetically Modified (GM) foods - homework</li> <li>Key Words:</li> <li>Food provenance, Sustainable, Organic, free range, intensive farming, sustainable fishing,</li> </ul>	3.6.1.2 Food and the environment		Make sure the booklet is printed ready to give out.
Lesson 2: Practical – Practical Cornish pasties	Skill 1: General practical skills	Differentiation	Resources
Students to choose to make sure that they use the correct type of food preparation to prevent food poisoning.  Objectives:  To apply food safety considerations when preparing, storing and cooking.  To work on pastry skills.  Key Words:  Temperature control correct hygiene and use of chopping boards.	Skill 4: Use of the cooker  Skill 5: Use of equipment food processors  Skill 7: Prepare, combine and shape  Skill 10: Dough pastry	Basic: Pastry is very short a splits when making uneven shapes, used pasties equipment.  Medium: good colour and shape filling shows some skill.	Trolleys, knifes, Tea towels, dish clothes, oven gloves.

		Complex: Good knife skill for the filling.  Good shape and closure of pasties.	
Week 5: Theory Environmental Impact and Sustainability  Objective:  How the environment impacts seasonal foods • sustainability eg	3.6.1.1 Food Sources 3.6.1.2 Food and the environment	Differentiation  Basic: Pastry is very short a splits when	Trolleys, knifes,
fish farming • transportation • organic foods • the reasons for buying locally produced food • food waste in the home/ food production/retailers • environment issues related to packaging • carbon footprint.  • the impact of food and food security on local and global markets and communities.  • Students must have an awareness of: • climate change • global warming • sustainability of food sources • insufficient land for growing food • availability of food • fair-trade • problems of drought and flooding • Genetically Modified (GM) foods • food waste.  Key Words:	3.6.1.3 Sustainability of food	making uneven shapes, used pasties equipment.  Medium: good colour and shape filling shows some skill.  Complex: Good knife skill for the filling. Good shape and closure of pasties	Tea towels, dish clothes, oven gloves.
Food provenance, Sustainable, Organic, free range, intensive farming, sustainable fishing, GM foods, greenhouse effect carbon footprint, food miles fair trade 6Rs		·	
Lesson 2: Practical – Practical Chicken Pie  Students to choose to make sure that they use the correct type of food preparation to prevent food poisoning.	Skill 1: General practical skills  Skill 4: Use of the cooker	Differentiation	Resources

<ul> <li>Objectives:</li> <li>To apply food safety considerations when preparing, storing and cooking.</li> <li>To work on pastry skills.</li> <li>Key Words:</li> <li>Temperature control correct hygiene and use of chopping boards.</li> </ul>	Skill 5: Use of equipment food processors  Skill 7: Prepare, combine and shape  Skill 10: Dough pastry	Basic: Pastry is very short a splits when making uneven shapes, used pasties equipment.  Medium: good colour and shape filling shows some skill.  Complex: Good knife skill for the filling. Good shape and closure of pasties.		Trolleys, knifes, Tea towels, dish clothes, oven gloves.
<ul> <li>Week 6: Theory Food Choice</li> <li>Objectives:</li> <li>To know and understand factors which may influence food choice.</li> <li>The following factors in relation to food choice: • physical activity level (PAL) • celebration/occasion • cost of food • preferences • enjoyment • food availability • healthy eating • income • lifestyles • seasonality • time of day • time available to prepare/ cook.</li> <li>Food labelling and marketing influences - homework</li> <li>Students must be able to cost recipes and make modifications.</li> </ul>	3.5.1.1 Factors which influence food choice 3.5.1.2 Food choices 3.5.1.3 Food labelling and marketing influences	Differentiation	Bring ingredients to make pasties students have to justify their choice of filling.  Cost out the price of their pastie	Resources

Key Words:				
physical activity level (PAL) • celebration/occasion • cost of food • preferences • enjoyment • food availability • healthy eating • income •				
lifestyles • seasonality • time of day • time available to prepare/ cook.				
Lesson 2: Practical To make a seasonal fruit tart with crème pat	Skill 1: General practical skills	Differentiation	Homework:	Resources
Objectives:	Skill 4: Use of the cooker	Basic: Bring ready made pastry		
<ul> <li>Learn how to make a crème pat sauce</li> <li>To apply food safety considerations when preparing, storing and</li> </ul>	<b>Skill 7:</b> Prepare, combine and shape		Revision	Trolleys, knifes,
cooking.	Skill 10: Dough short crust	Medium:	Nevision .	Tea towels,
Key Words:	pastry	Complex:		dish clothes, oven gloves.
Crème pat		Complex.		Baking trays
Assessment – practical				
Week 7: Lesson 1: Theory Processing and Production	3.6.2.1 Food production	Differentiation	Homework:	Resources
Objectives:	3.6.2 Food processing			
<ul> <li>Students must have an understanding of primary and secondary stages of processing and production.</li> </ul>	and production		Bring ingredients to	Trolleys, knifes,
<ul> <li>how processing affects the sensory and nutritional properties of ingredients</li> </ul>	3.6.2.1 Food production		make a preserve.	Tea towels,
<ul> <li>Students to cook various vegetables in different ways to see how they change</li> </ul>				oven gloves.

Students to make jam in the lesson that they can use next lesson to  make a Victoria Spanse.			Revision	
make a Victoria Sponge.				Print out
Key Words:				results sheets
Primary and secondary processing.				Carrots, potatoes,
Trimary and secondary processing.				leeks, broccoli
				and squash.
Practical To make a preserve	Skill 1: General practical skills	Differentiation	Homework:	Resources
Objectives:	Skill 5: Use of equipment sugar			
Students to make a preserve using seasonal fruits jam	thermometer			Trolleys,
	Skill 7: Prepare, combine and			knifes,
Key Words:	shape			Tea towels,
Sterilization, seal of jam, setting point	Skill 8: Sauce making - curd, jam		Bring ingredients	dish clothes,
sterment, sear or jam, secung point	Skill 12: Setting mixtures curd		to make a Victoria Sponge	oven gloves.
Lesson 2: Practical Victoria Sponge	<b>Skill 1:</b> General practical skills	Differentiation	Homework:	Resources
Objectives:	Skill 4: Use of the cooker			
Students to use their preserve in a sponge cake	Skill 7: Prepare, combine and			Trolleys,
The second of th	shape			knifes,
Key Words:				Tea towels,
				dish clothes,
				oven gloves.

Week 7: Lesson 1:	Differentiation	Homework:	Resources
Assessment – year 10 mock exam full paper revision and exam techniques			Print out assessments
Lesson 2: Target setting Objective:	Differentiation	Homework:	Resources
Go through year 10 exam paper and assessment and make a list of things students need to revise for the summer holidays.			

# Improving our technical skills ready for NEA

# Use the following time to prepare for the year 10 practical exam NEA 2 3 hour exam practise

Demonstrating technical skills (18 marks)

Students will make 3-4 dishes to showcase their technical skills.

#### Students should:

- demonstrate technical skills in the preparation and cooking of three to four dishes
- select and use equipment for different technical skills in the preparation and cooking of selected dishes. Food safety principles should be demonstrated when storing, preparing and cooking
- identify the technical skills within each dish. Photographic evidence will be needed to authenticate the technical skills.

Students will select three dishes to make which allow them to showcase their technical skills to make for their final menu. The final dishes will relate to the task and research and be dishes that have not been made previously.

For example, a student could make the following initial dishes to demonstrate technical skills:

- 1. Fish pie (technical skills shown: filleting fish, making a sauce, vegetable preparation, piping potato).
- 2. Beef lasagne (technical skills shown: pasta making, sauce making, vegetable preparation).
- **3.** Traditional quiche (**technical skills shown:** shortcrust pastry, lining a flan ring).
- 4. Flavoured bread rolls (technical skills shown: bread making: kneading, shaping).

For the final menu, they could choose to produce:

- 1. Fish cakes with parsley sauce.
- 2. Cannelloni with homemade pasta and tomato ragu sauce.
- **3.** Roasted vegetable flan with reduced fat ingredients to improve the nutritional properties.

Students will be rewarded for the use of a range of technical skills and the quality of outcomes achieved. The complexity and challenge of the dishes produced is linked to the complexity of the skills involved in producing the dish. To achieve the top bands, students must attempt complex skills. Selecting unchallenging skills prevents candidates from reaching the top mark band.

